NEW FACES OF FRAUD:

How Asia's Financial Sector is Responding to the Evolving Threat Landscape

practitioners operating predominately across nine countries. in APAC ranked the most common fraud threats their financial institutions (FIs) face:

In the latest financial year 2023-2024, over 114 fraud risk

Payment and digital banking fraud

Phishing and social engineering attacks

Identity theft and Account Takeover (ATO)

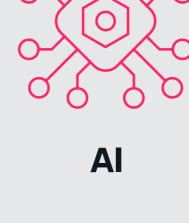
improving fraud detection and prevention by investing in technologies such as:

According to the respondents, FIs are focused on





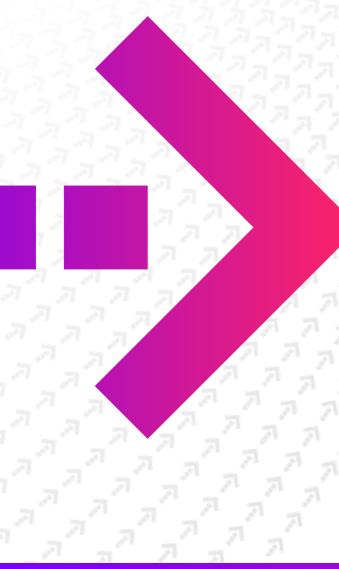






limited, adoption of such tools is expected to increase over time.

Though use of advanced tools in fraud risk management is still



real-time payment systems are widespread, driven by a mobile-first consumer base. Fls will need to strike a balance between consumer demands for speed and convenience with robust security measures to reduce unauthorised account access. Suggested measures include implementing multi-factor authentication, using behaviour analysis to detect transaction anomalies and leveraging AI to conduct real-time fraud analysis.

Across Asian markets, research showed

financial fraud typologies, including bank and credit card fraud, continue to plague the region. Phishing and social engineering attacks have become a significant fraud

A surge in digital transactions has inevitably led to increased

and data breaches. Meanwhile, traditional and emerging

cyber related frauds, including phishing attacks, online scams,

These attacks often involve tricking individuals into divulging confidential information, such as bank account details, passwords, or personal identification numbers, which are then used for fraudulent purposes. of the respondents said their organisations encounter payments and digital banking fraud at least monthly, with reporting that they encounter such activity almost daily.

63.8%

risk within Asian economies, exploiting

engagement with digital technologies.

human psychology and the region's deep



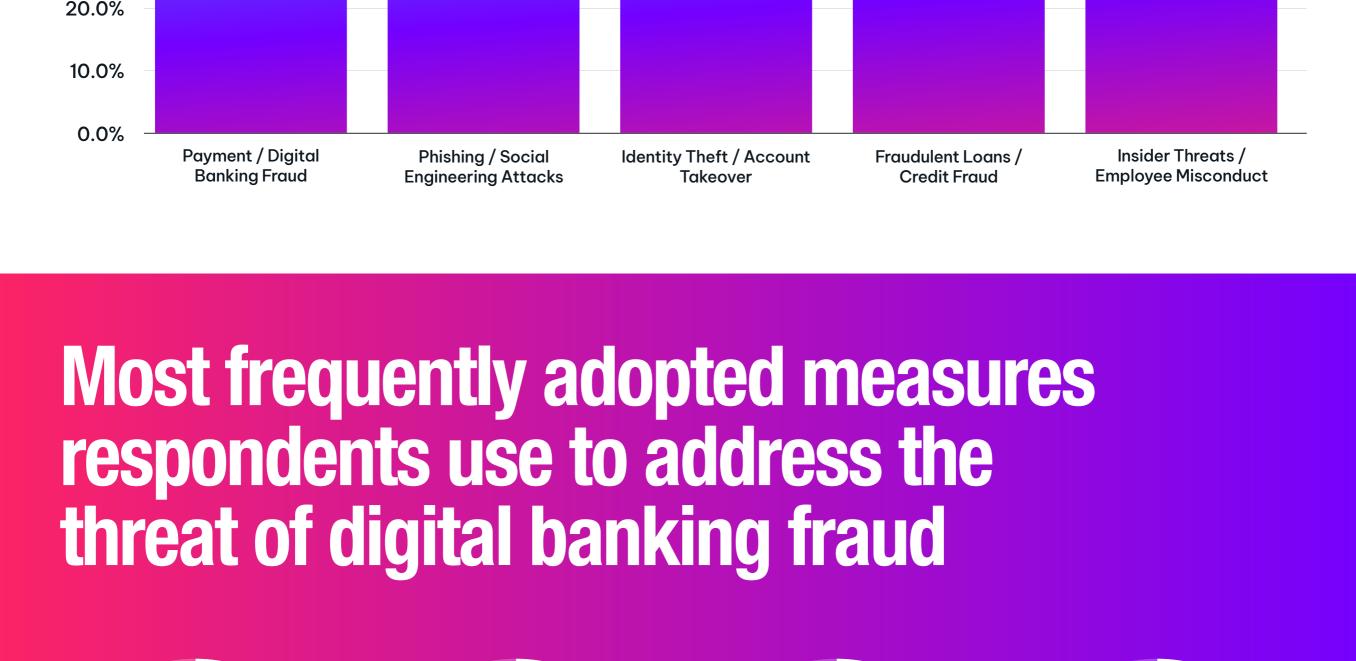
42.6%

34.0%

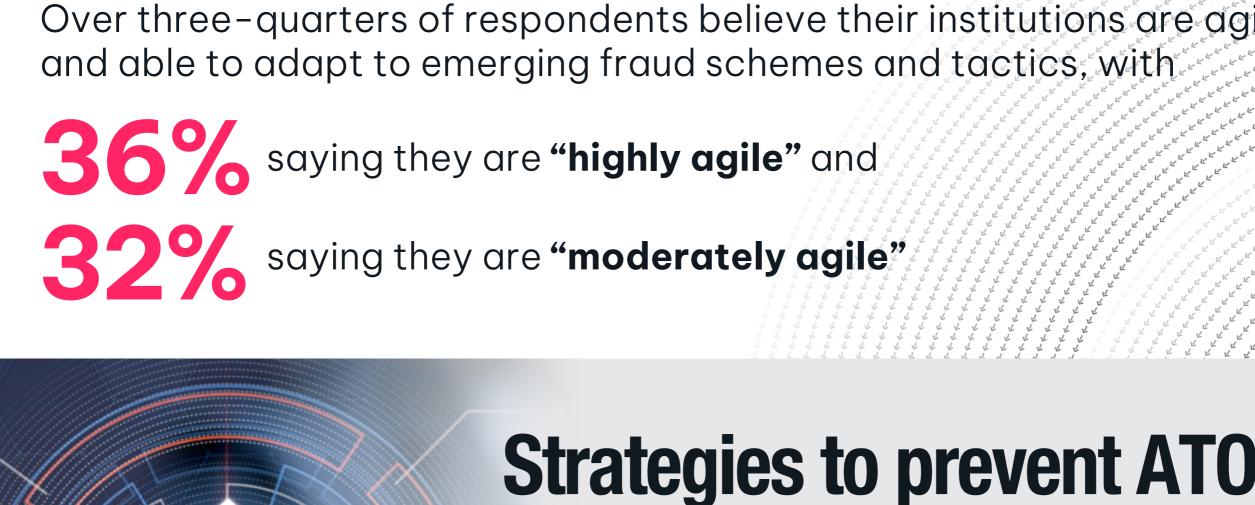
invest in real-time

fraud detection

systems



48.9%



rely on enhanced

monitoring for

suspicious

transactions

70.0%

60.0%

50.0%

40.0%

30.0%

66.0%

use advanced

authentication

methods

Strategies to prevent ATO

Respondents report conducting regular

enhanced authentication methods, and

agencies and industry partners. 34% said

collaborating with law enforcement,

their fraud strategies involved sharing

security awareness training, using

focus on customer

education

initiatives



information with other Fls. On the regulatory front, there's concern around the introduction of new fraud loss share models in APAC, with Australian respondents expressing unease with proposed new requirements, while other regions are taking a "wait and see"

approach until regulations are finalised. More industry insights are in the latest Fraud Barometer report. Explore the current state of fraud in Asia, efforts being made to enhance fraud detection and prevention capabilities with technology, and the emerging trends and threats in the region.

Get the report >

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